

# LM135/LM235/LM335, LM135A/LM235A/LM335A Precision Temperature Sensors

#### **General Description**

The LM135 series are precision, easily-calibrated, integrated circuit temperature sensors. Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proportional to absolute temperature at +10 mV/°K. With less than 1 $\Omega$  dynamic impedance the device operates over a current range of 400  $\mu A$  to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C the LM135 has typically less than 1° C error over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors the LM135 has a linear output.

Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperature sensing over a -55°C to 150°C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacing to readout or control circuitry especially easy.

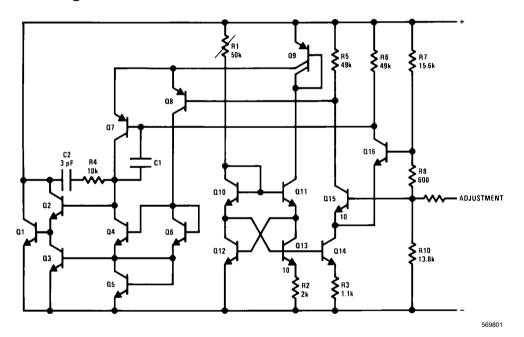
The LM135 operates over a -55°C to 150°C temperature range while the LM235 operates over a -40°C to 125°C tem-

perature range. The LM335 operates from -40°C to 100°C. The LM135/LM235/LM335 are available packaged in hermetic TO-46 transistor packages while the LM335 is also available in plastic TO-92 packages.

#### **Features**

- Directly calibrated in °Kelvin
- 1°C initial accuracy available
- Operates from 400 µA to 5 mA
- Less than 1Ω dynamic impedance
- Easily calibrated
- Wide operating temperature range
- 200°C overrange
- Low cost

#### **Schematic Diagram**



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 4)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Reverse Current 15 mA
Forward Current 10 mA

Storage Temperature

 Specified Operating Temp. Range Continuous

(Note 2) LM135, LM135A -55°C to 150°C 150°C to 200°C LM235, LM235A -40°C to 125°C 125°C to 150°C LM335, LM335A -40°C to 100°C 100°C to 125°C

Lead Temp. (Soldering, 10 seconds)

 8-Pin SOIC Package:
 300°C

 Vapor Phase (60 seconds):
 215°C

 Infrared (15 seconds):
 220°C

 TO-92 Package:
 260°C

 TO-46 Package:
 300°C

Intermittent

#### **Temperature Accuracy** (Note 1)

LM135/LM235, LM135A/LM235A

Parameter	Conditions	LM135A/LM235A		LM135/LM235		Units		
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Operating Output Voltage	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$	2.97	2.98	2.99	2.95	2.98	3.01	V
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.5	1		1	3	°C
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}$ , $I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$		1.3	2.7		2	5	°C
Temperature Error with 25°C	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}$ , $I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.3	1		0.5	1.5	°C
Calibration								
Calibrated Error at Extended	$T_C = T_{MAX}$ (Intermittent)		2			2		°C
Temperatures								
Non-Linearity	I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA		0.3	0.5		0.3	1	°C

### **Temperature Accuracy** (Note 1)

LM335, LM335A

Parameter	Conditions	LM335A		LM335		Units		
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Operating Output Voltage	$T_{\rm C} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}, I_{\rm R} = 1 \text{ mA}$	2.95	2.98	3.01	2.92	2.98	3.04	V
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_{C} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{R} = 1 \text{ mA}$		1	3		2	6	°C
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}$ , $I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$		2	5		4	9	°C
Temperature Error with 25°C	$T_{MIN} \le T_C \le T_{MAX}, I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$		0.5	1		1	2	°C
Calibration								
Calibrated Error at Extended	$T_C = T_{MAX}$ (Intermittent)		2			2		°C
Temperatures								
Non-Linearity	I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA		0.3	1.5		0.3	1.5	°C

#### **Electrical Characteristics** (Note 1)

Parameter	Conditions		LM135/LM235 LM135A/LM235A			LM335 LM335A		
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Operating Output Voltage	400 μA ≤ I <sub>R</sub> ≤ 5 mA		2.5	10		3	14	mV
Change with Current	At Constant Temperature							
Dynamic Impedance	I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA		0.5			0.6		Ω
Output Voltage Temperature			+10			+10		mV/°C
Coefficient								
Time Constant	Still Air		80			80		sec
	100 ft/Min Air		10			10		sec
	Stirred Oil		1			1		sec
Time Stability	T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C		0.2			0.2		°C/khr

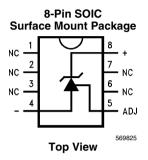
Note 1: Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

Note 2: Continuous operation at these temperatures for 10,000 hours for H package and 5,000 hours for Z package may decrease life expectancy of the device.

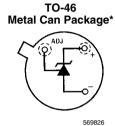
Thermal Resistance	8-Pin SOIC	TO-92	TO-46
$\theta_{JA}$ (Junction to Ambient)	165°C/W	202°C/W	400°C/W
θ <sub>IC</sub> (Junction to Case)	N/A	170°C/W	N/A

Note 4: Refer to RETS135H for military specifications.

# **Connection Diagrams**





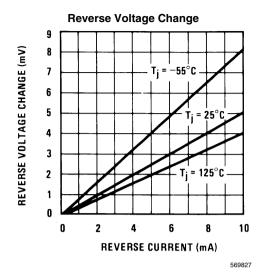


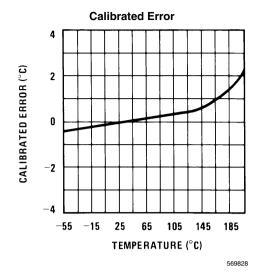
\*Case is connected to negative pin **Bottom View** 

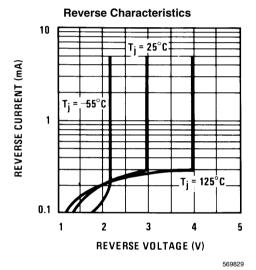
# **Ordering Information**

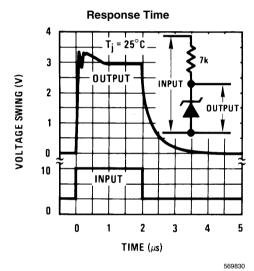
Package	Part Number	Package Marking	Transport Media	NSC Drawing	
	LM335AM	LM335AM	95 Units/Rail		
8-Pin SOIC	LM335AMX	LIVIOSSAIVI	2.5k Units Tape and Reel	M08A	
6-FIII 30IC	LM335M	LM335M	95 Units/Rail	IVIOOA	
	LM335MX	LIVIOGOIVI	2.5k Units Tape and Reel		
TO-92	LM335AZ LM335AZ 1800 Bag		Z03Z		
LM335Z LM335Z		LM335Z	1800 Bag	2032	
	LM135AH	LM135AH	1000 Bag		
	LM135H LM135H		1000 Bag		
TO-46	LM235AH		_M235AH 1000 Bag		
10-46	LM235H	LM235H	1000 Bag	H03H	
	LM335AH	LM335AH	1000 Bag		
	LM335H	LM335H	1000 Bag		

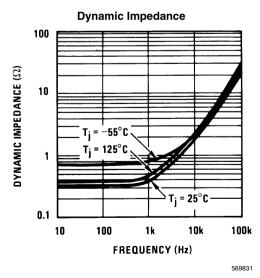
# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

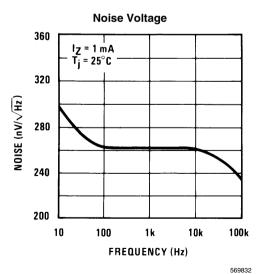


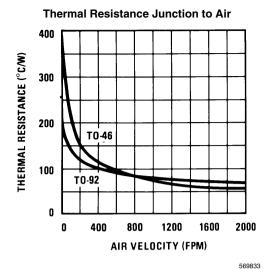


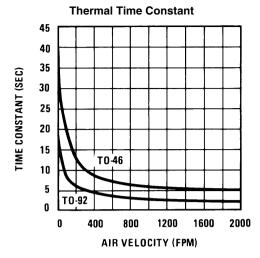






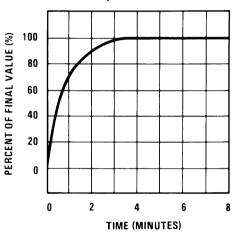


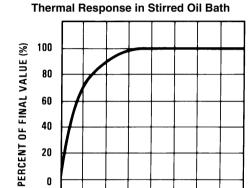




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#### Thermal Response in Still Air





0

2

4
TIME (SECONDS)

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Forward Characteristics

1.4

1.2

1.0

1.0

T<sub>j</sub> = -55°C

0.4

T<sub>j</sub> = 125°C

0.1

1.0

FORWARD CURRENT (mA)

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# **Application Information**

#### **CALIBRATING THE LM135**

Included on the LM135 chip is an easy method of calibrating the device for higher accuracies. A pot connected across the LM135 with the arm tied to the adjustment terminal allows a 1-point calibration of the sensor that corrects for inaccuracy over the full temperature range.

This single point calibration works because the output of the LM135 is proportional to absolute temperature with the extrapolated output of sensor going to 0V output at 0°K (-273.15°C). Errors in output voltage versus temperature are only slope (or scale factor) errors so a slope calibration at one temperature corrects at all temperatures.

The output of the device (calibrated or uncalibrated) can be expressed as:

$$v_{OUT_T} = v_{OUT_{T_0}} \times \frac{\tau}{\tau_o}$$

where T is the unknown temperature and  $T_o$  is a reference temperature, both expressed in degrees Kelvin. By calibrating the output to read correctly at one temperature the output at all temperatures is correct. Nominally the output is calibrated at 10 mV/°K.

To insure good sensing accuracy several precautions must be taken. Like any temperature sensing device, self heating can reduce accuracy. The LM135 should be operated at the lowest current suitable for the application. Sufficient current, of course, must be available to drive both the sensor and the calibration pot at the maximum operating temperature as well as any external loads.

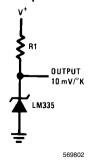
If the sensor is used in an ambient where the thermal resistance is constant, self heating errors can be calibrated out. This is possible if the device is run with a temperature stable current. Heating will then be proportional to zener voltage and therefore temperature. This makes the self heating error proportional to absolute temperature the same as scale factor errors.

#### WATERPROOFING SENSORS

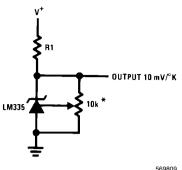
Meltable inner core heat shrinkable tubing such as manufactured by Raychem can be used to make low-cost waterproof sensors. The LM335 is inserted into the tubing about ½ from the end and the tubing heated above the melting point of the core. The unfilled ½ end melts and provides a seal over the

# **Typical Applications**

**Basic Temperature Sensor** 

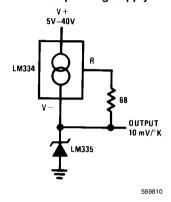


#### **Calibrated Sensor**

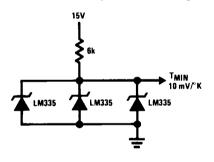


\*Calibrate for 2.982V at 25°C

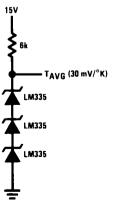
#### **Wide Operating Supply**



#### **Minimum Temperature Sensing**

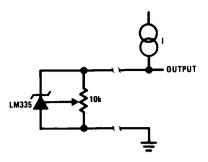


#### **Average Temperature Sensing**



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#### **Remote Temperature Sensing**



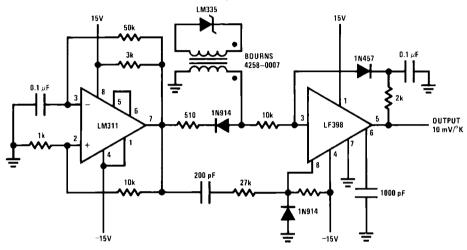
	I <sub>R</sub> = 1 mA	I <sub>R</sub> = 0.5 mA*
AWG	FEET	FEET
14	4000	8000
16	2500	5000
18	1600	3200
20	1000	2000
22	625	1250
24	400	800

\*For  $I_R = 0.5$  mA, the trim pot must be deleted.

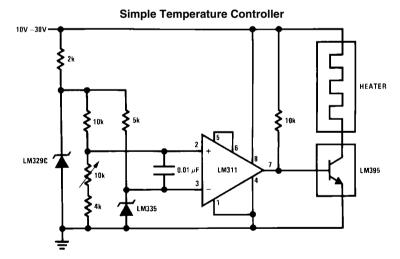
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Wire length for 1°C error due to wire drop

#### **Isolated Temperature Sensor**

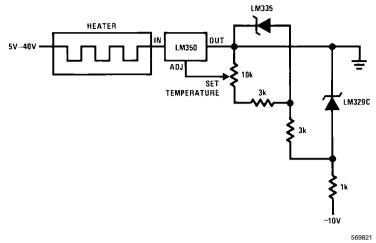


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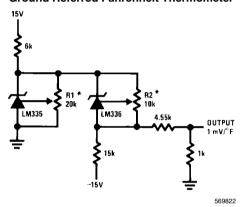


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#### **Simple Temperature Control**

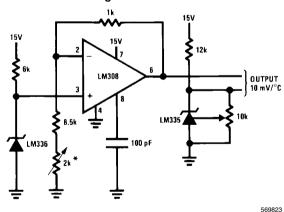


#### **Ground Referred Fahrenheit Thermometer**



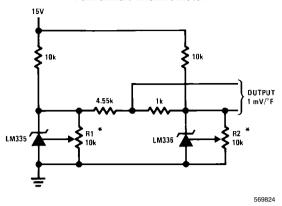
\*Adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336. Adjust R1 for correct output.

#### **Centigrade Thermometer**



\*Adjust for 2.7315V at output of LM308

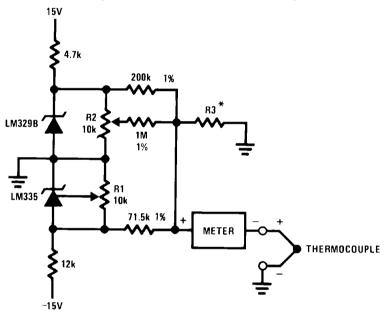
#### **Fahrenheit Thermometer**



\*To calibrate adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336.

Adjust R1 for correct output.

# THERMOCOUPLE COLD JUNCTION COMPENSATION Compensation for Grounded Thermocouple



\*Select R3 for proper thermocouple type

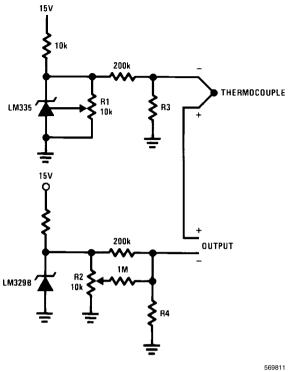
THERMO-	R3	SEEBECK
COUPLE	(±1%)	COEFFICIENT
J	377Ω	52.3 μV/°C
T	308Ω	42.8 μV/°C
K	293Ω	40.8 μV/°C
S	45.8Ω	6.4 μV/°C

Adjustments: Compensates for both sensor and resistor tolerances

- 1. Short LM329B
- 2. Adjust R1 for Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature (in degrees K) across R3.
- 3. Short LM335 and adjust R2 for voltage across R3 corresponding to thermocouple type.

J 14.32 mV K 11.17 mV T 11.79 mV S 1.768 mV

#### **Single Power Supply Cold Junction Compensation**



\_\_\_\_\_

<sup>\*</sup>Select R3 and R4 for thermocouple type

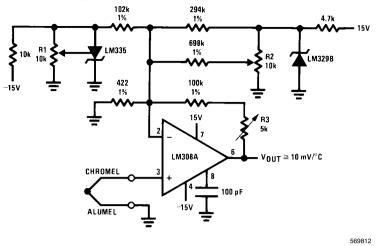
THERMO-	R3	R4	SEEBECK
COUPLE			COEFFICIENT
J	1.05K	385Ω	52.3 μV/°C
Т	856Ω	315Ω	42.8 μV/°C
K	816Ω	300Ω	40.8 μV/°C
S	128Ω	46.3Ω	6.4 uV/°C

#### Adjustments:

- 1. Adjust R1 for the voltage across R3 equal to the Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature in degrees Kelvin.
- 2. Adjust R2 for voltage across R4 corresponding to thermocouple.

J	14.32 mV
Т	11.79 mV
K	11.17 mV
S	1.768 mV

#### **Centigrade Calibrated Thermocouple Thermometer**



Terminate thermocouple reference junction in close proximity to LM335.

#### Adjustments:

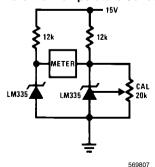
- 1. Apply signal in place of thermocouple and adjust R3 for a gain of 245.7.
- 2. Short non-inverting input of LM308A and output of LM329B to ground.
- 3. Adjust R1 so that  $V_{OUT} = 2.982V @ 25^{\circ}C$ .
- 4. Remove short across LM329B and adjust R2 so that  $V_{OUT}$  = 246 mV @ 25°C.
- 5. Remove short across thermocouple.

# 

†Adjust D1 to 50 mV greater  $V_Z$  than D2.

Charge terminates on 5°C temperature rise. Couple D2 to battery.

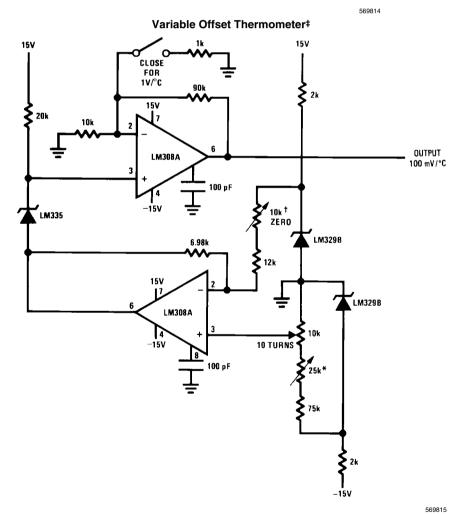
#### **Differential Temperature Sensor**



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# Differential Temperature Sensor 15V 200k 12k 12k 12k 15V 7 LM308 6 0UTPUT 100 mV/°C 180k 180k 180k 180k 100 pF

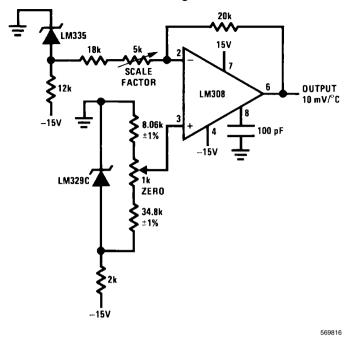


†Adjust for zero with sensor at 0°C and 10T pot set at 0°C

<sup>\*</sup>Adjust for zero output with 10T pot set at 100°C and sensor at 100°C

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{\ddagger}\xspace \text{Output}$  reads difference between temperature and dial setting of 10T pot

#### **Ground Referred Centigrade Thermometer**



Air Flow Detector\*

15V

1.2k

18k

15V

CM301A

OUTPUT--HIGH
WITH AIR FLOW

TRIP POINT

LM335

LM335

\*Self heating is used to detect air flow

#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

**Operating Output Voltage:** The voltage appearing across the positive and negative terminals of the device at specified conditions of operating temperature and current.

**ADJUST** 

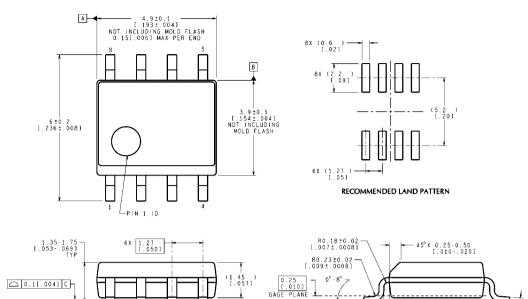
**Uncalibrated Temperature Error:** The error between the operating output voltage at 10 mV/°K and case temperature at specified conditions of current and case temperature.

**Calibrated Temperature Error:** The error between operating output voltage and case temperature at 10 mV/°K over a temperature range at a specified operating current with the 25°C error adjusted to zero.

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C

# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS MILLIMETER
VALUES IN [ ] ARE INCHES
DIMENSIONS IN ( ) FOR REFERENCE ONLY

0.10-0.25 [.004-.010]

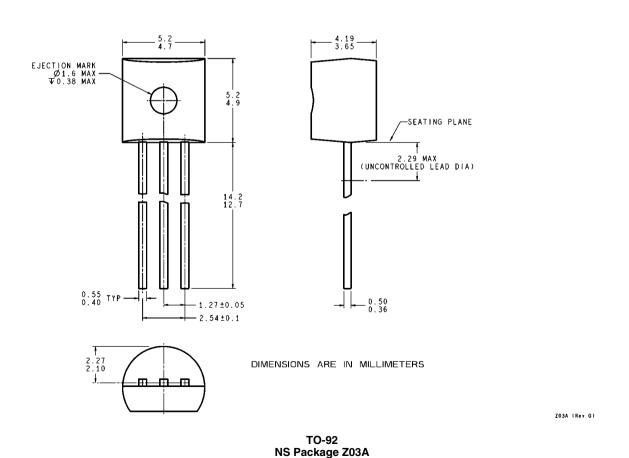
0.41-1.27 [.016-.050]

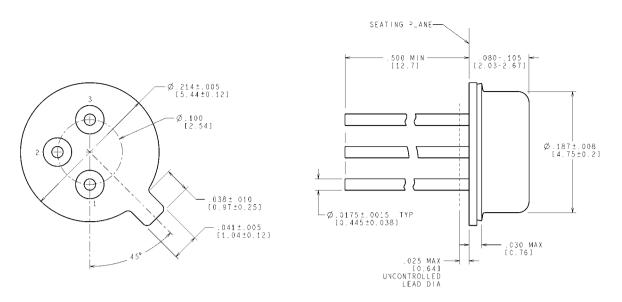
M08A (Rev L)

-SEATING PLANE

0.190-0.248 [.0075-.0098]

#### 8-Pin SOIC NS Package Number M08A





CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS INCH VALUES IN [ ] ARE IN MILLIMETERS

H03H (Rev F)

#### TO-46 NS Package Number H03H

#### **Notes**

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Power Management	www.national.com/power	Green Compliance	www.national.com/quality/green	
Switching Regulators	www.national.com/switchers	Distributors	www.national.com/contacts	
LDOs	www.national.com/ldo	Quality and Reliability	www.national.com/quality	
LED Lighting	www.national.com/led	Feedback/Support	www.national.com/feedback	
Voltage Reference	www.national.com/vref	Design Made Easy	www.national.com/easy	
PowerWise® Solutions	www.national.com/powerwise	Solutions	www.national.com/solutions	
Serial Digital Interface (SDI)	www.national.com/sdi	Mil/Aero	www.national.com/milaero	
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